REPTILES CARE SHEET

Blue Tongue Skink





Tank Temperatures: The tank should have a basking (warm) side that is heated to about 95F - 100F, and an ambient (cool) side that hangs around 80F - 85F.
Heat Lighting: A 75 watt - 100 watt bulb is ideal for a 20 gallon long tank. A 30 gallon tank is perfect for adults and would require a 125-150 watt bulb.
UVB Lighting: 13 watt 5.0 UVB bulb.

HUMIDITY

A humidity level of 50%-60% is perfect for these lizards. This can be maintained with a once daily light misting.



 Food: Live crickets, live mealworms, live superworms, live dubia roaches, live hornworms, ground turkey, live rodents, red leaf & green leaf lettuce, squash, bell pepper, carrot, collard greens, blueberries, blackberries, peaches, pears, high quality dog/cat food, canned tegu diet.

• Supplement: They need their food lightly dusted with calcium (without phosphorus or d3) two to three times a week.



Enclosure Size: Babies should be housed in a 20 gallon long tank, and a 30 gallon breeder tank is ideal for adults. Substrate (bedding): Reptile Bark, coco husk, butcher paper Accessories: Large slabs of rounded cork bark, hide logs and caves, water bowl, feeding dish



Blue Tongues are an easy to moderate animal when it comes to care. These skinks can grow up to 2 feet in length, but remain relatively easy to maintain. It's important to note that they can be temperamental if not handled regularly.



From Indonesia and Northern Australia



Blue Tongues actually give live birth and can have up to 12 babies a year. They usually give birth around the summer.



This species will open their mouths and display their tongue when they feel threatened.

